

The Problem Solvers' Challenge

Evaluation of the AILO Programme 2018/9









Executive Summary

The Education and Public Engagement programme of the ADAPT Centre for Digital Content Technology aims to empower the Irish public to engage fully in our rapidly-evolving digital landscape and to foster an interest in, knowledge of, and appreciation for the emerging technologies driving change in digital media and technology.

ADAPT has identified 'collaborative and creative problem-solving' as a key skillset to leverage digital media innovations and to enhance how we interact with future digital media and information. The ADAPT EPE Education strand aims for Second level Education are:

- Enhance students' problem-solving skills and increase their confidence in tackling complex problems.
- Ensure that talented young problem-solvers see clear links between their love of problem solving and STEM career pathways.

In late 2017 ADAPT conducted a study on how the AILO learning outcomes align with the Junior Certificate (JC) Programme (ages 13-16 years old) and with the OECD PISA (2012/2015) collaborative and creative problem-solving competencies. This work fed into the design of the materials for the 2017/8 season of the ADAPT All Ireland Linguistics Olympiad (AILO) which ran from September 2017 until August 2018. This evaluation report focuses on the resulting interactions that were evaluated:

• AILO Problem-solving Workshops Nov 2018 – Jan 2019

Thirty-one workshops, attended by 908 students and their teachers from 56 schools, were run by ADAPT tutors held in 22 counties all over the island of Ireland. The workshops were evaluated through attendee pre- and post-event questionnaires.

• AILO Preliminary Round February 2019

1350 students took the preliminary round of AILO all over the country in their own schools. They undertook a five-question in two hours under teacher supervision.

AILO National Final March 2019

The top 100 students from the preliminary qualifying round were invited to the National Final of AILO on Tuesday 20th March in Dublin City University. The event was evaluated through an attendee post-event question. An initial assessment of problem-solving skill was carried out at the National Final.

Overall feedback indicated that the workshops and AILO National Final were well-received, well-organised and that participants would recommend AILO events to others. The key outcomes from the evaluation were:

- Participants reported improved confidence in their problem-solving skills as they continued through the programme.
- Participants reported improved effectiveness in tackling complex problems.
- Participants reported an improved propensity to study computing, languages or linguistics at third level as they continued through the programme.

- Those that attended workshops were more likely to reach the AILO National Final and tackle the new bonus marks assessment questions (using tables / graphs to help write clear and concise rules).
- Participants reported improved skills they can use in other aspects of the lives.

This evaluation has led to changes for the 2020 AILO Programme such as a new Teaching Materials 2020 Pack to empower teachers to run workshops themselves, now that it is a more established programme. A new train-the-trainer programme will be run for teachers all over the country.

The appetite for workshops and practice materials in the 2019 programme led to the creation of new monthly sample puzzles and will feed into new Autumn 2019/20 problem-solving workshop programme. In order to track how many teachers / students are using the materials, the AILO website now tracks downloads and there is a short survey on use.

With the move to further assess students' ability to analyse and present data clearly, the 2019 Preliminary Round has been extended to also award marks for analysing and writing rules. This will allow a wider view of the skill-set with 1400 secondary school students taking the preliminary round.

Finally, in order to the understand the longer-term impacts of the AILO programme a longitudinal study of AILO Students will begin in 2019/20.

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1. AILO Overview

The All Ireland Linguistics Olympiad (AILO) is the problem solvers' challenge. The national contest sees secondary school students develop their own strategies for solving complex problems in unfamiliar languages from around the globe. No prior knowledge of linguistics or foreign languages is required. Even the hardest problems require only logical ability, patient work and a willingness to think around corners.

AILO introduces students to the application of logic and linguistics to problems of language understanding and translation. The goal is to develop students' problem-solving skills, improve confidence and to inspire them to consider the fascinating range of careers at the intersection of computing, language and linguistics.

AILO is run by The ADAPT Centre for Digital Content Technology (www.adaptcentre.ie). ADAPT is a multidisciplinary academia-industry research centre funded by Science Foundation Ireland (SFI) and comprising 150 researchers at Trinity College Dublin, Dublin City University, University College Dublin and Technological University Dublin.

Each year, approximately 4,000 secondary school students, North and South, register for AILO to receive monthly sample puzzles. Students are then invited to free regional workshops held all over the island. Approximately 1,400 students take the preliminary round in their own schools each year in February and the top 100 are invited to the National Final in March in an ADAPT university. The top four problem-solvers go on to represent Ireland at the International Linguistics Olympiad (IOL) each Summer, bringing home bronze medals in the past.

2. Background

The Programme for International Student Assessment – PISA 2012 (OECD, 2014) ranked Ireland's 15-year olds at 22nd of 44 countries in computer-based problem solving. This mediocre performance suggests that Ireland needs to act to improve the human capacity of its future workforce in problem solving.

ADAPT has identified 'collaborative and creative problem-solving' (OECD, 2017) as a key skillset to help secondary school students to leverage digital media innovations and to enhance how we interact with future digital media and information. The changing nature of the future of jobs highlights a need for core transferable skills like adaptability and problem solving. The OECD, for example, in explaining its focus on assessing students' problem-solving skills across the globe, explains that: "Schools need to prepare students for change that is more rapid than ever before, for jobs that have not yet been created, for societal challenges that we can't yet imagine, and for technologies that have not yet been created." The World Economic Forum's Future of Jobs Report (WEF, 2016) report states that: "65% of children entering primary school today will ultimately end up working in completely new job types that don't yet exist."

While student views of problem-solving ability were assessed in the AILO programme in 2016, an analysis of student problem-solving skills was carried out after the National Final in 2017. This showed that while AILO students were able to see patterns and trends in complex puzzles, improvement was needed in representing those ideas clearly and accurately.

Learning outcomes for what students should be able to do after each round of AILO were set out and compared with the OECD PISA (2012/2015) collaborative and creative problem-solving competencies (Appendix E).

This was followed by an analysis of how the AILO learning outcomes support the Junior Certificate (JC) Programme (ages 13-16 years old). Specifically, the learning outcomes were matched against the following elements and are available in Appendices F and G.

- a. Junior Certificate Key Skills
- b. Junior Certificate Statements of Learning (SoL)
- c. Maths / Coding curricula

These outputs, along with the evaluation of the 2017/8 workshops, fed into the design of the 2018/9 workshops and materials. Problem-solving ability was assessed at the 2018 National Final and covered in the 2018 Evaluation Report. With the move to further assess student ability to analyse and present data clearly, the 2019 Preliminary Round was extended to also award marks for analysing and writing rules. This allowed for assessment of a larger group of students.

3. Overview of AILO 2018/9 Statistics

AILO Problem Solving Olympiad Workshops 2017	No.	Information
Registered & received sample puzzles - students		159 schools in 32 counties
Registered & received sample puzzles - teachers		
Number of students from disadvantaged schools (DEIS) registered		From 31 DEIS schools
Regional Workshops Student Attendance	908	31 workshops held in 22 counties (56 schools from 26 counties)
Low STEM-engagement counties (SFI)		8/8 counties acted as hosts for workshops
Teachers at workshops		
ADAPT Regional Workshop tutors		
Round One 56% female, 44% male		(41% had attended a workshop)
Round Two 52% male, 48% female		(66% had attended a workshop)
International Linguistics Olympiad (IOL) level	4	4 students will represent Ireland at the IOL in Korea 29 July – 2 nd August 2019.

4. The 2018/9 Workshop Programme Overview

The new 2018/9 workshop design covered:

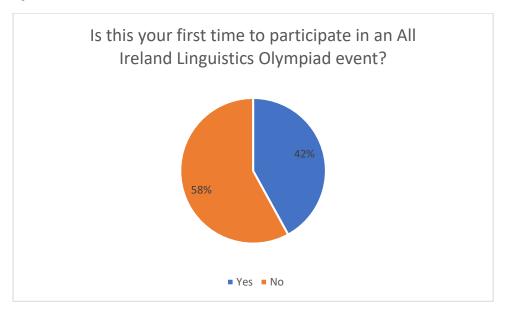
- ADAPT researcher education and career background
- Why problem-solving skills are important
- Introductory logic puzzles
- Introduction to AILO & problem-types
- How to analyse data and tools to use (e.g. tables, graphs, colours)
- How to explore ideas and alternatives, how to find patterns.
- How to write clear and concise rules to describe your findings
- Practice with a preliminary round puzzle
- Practice with a National Final round puzzle

Puzzles and workshops can be found at https://ailo.adaptcentre.ie/sample-puzzles/.

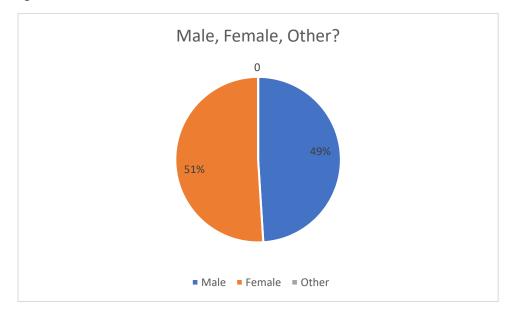
5. November 2018 – January 2019 Pre-Workshop Survey Results

Respondents: 601, survey in Appendix A.

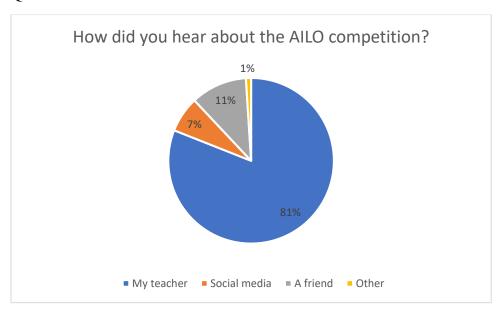
Q1.



Q2.



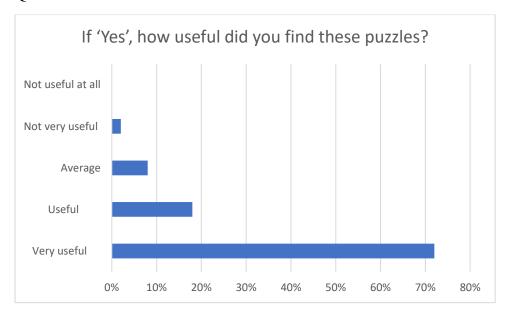
Q3.



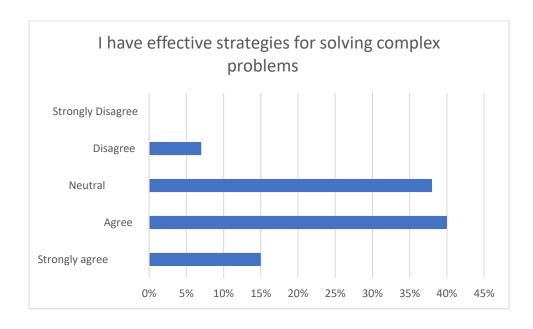
Q4a.

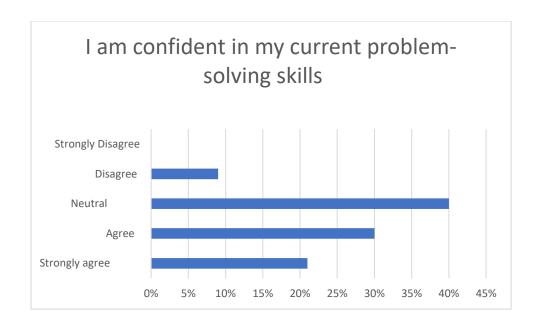


Q4b.

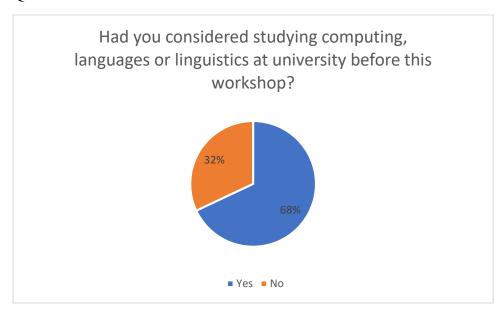


Q5. How much do you agree / disagree with the following statements? (please circle)





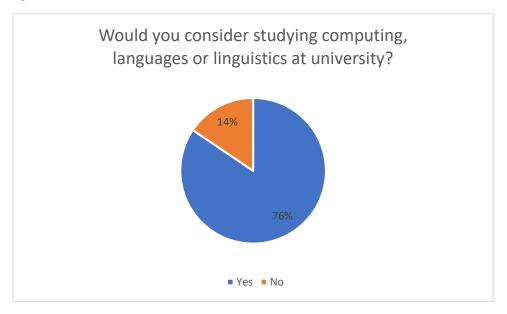
Q6.



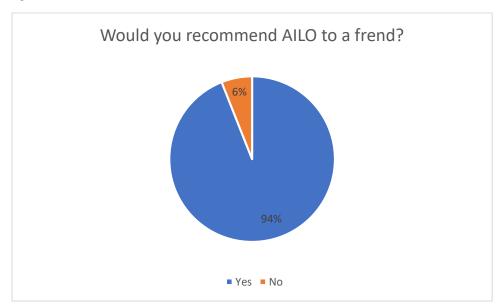
6. November 2018 – January 2019 Post-Workshop Survey Results

Respondents: 719, survey in Appendix B.

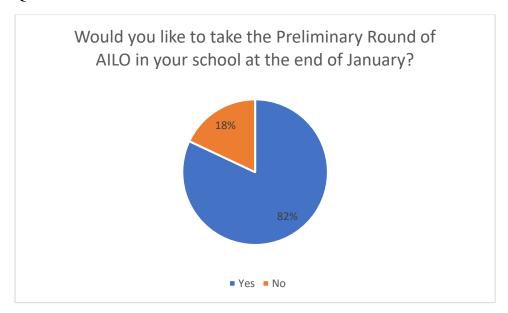
Q1.



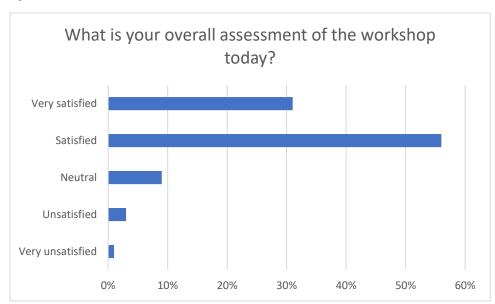
Q2.



Q3.



Q4.

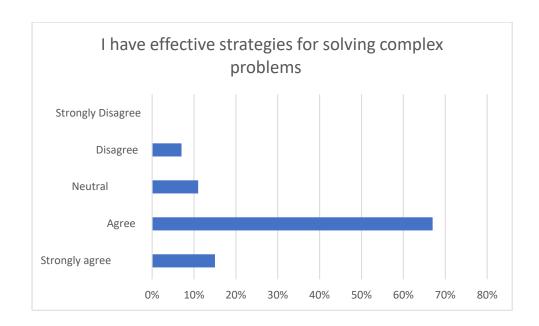


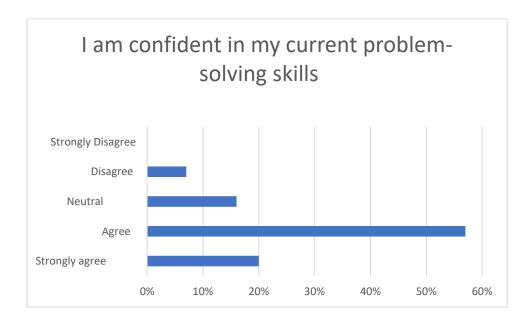
Q5.

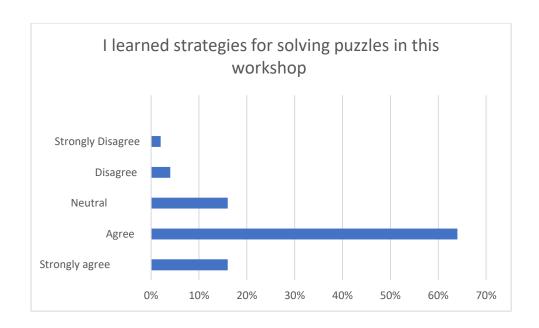
What topics or aspects of this workshop did you find most interesting / useful?

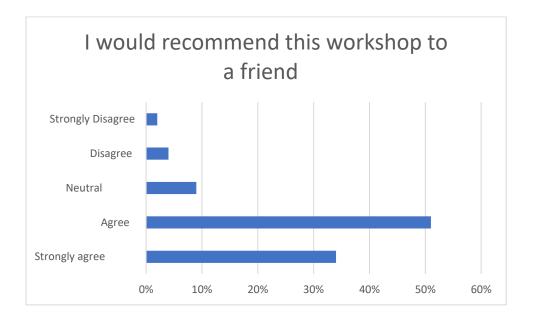
Seeing new languages, solving the puzzles, found some of it too difficult.

Q6. How much do you agree / disagree with the following statements? (please circle)









Comments / Feedback

More time needed.

Found the puzzles very difficult.

7. Learnings from the Nov 2018 – Jan 2019 Workshop Survey Results

From September to December 2018, 2000 downloads of sample puzzles were tracked on the AILO website. It is clear from the pre-workshop survey that the sample puzzles from the AILO are being accessed with 81% of respondents reporting that they had tried sample puzzles prior to the workshop. The comments from the workshop were positive and had a recommendation for more time in the workshop which will be implemented in the 2019/20 season. 87% satisfied/very satisfied with the workshop and 82% stated they intended to take the preliminary round of AILO in their schools.

- Improved confidence in problem-solving skills

The surveys show that participants reported increased confidence in their problem-solving skills. In the pre-workshop survey, 51% agreed / strongly agreed that they had confidence in their problem-solving. This improved to 77% post-workshop.

- Improved effectiveness in tackling complex problems.

The surveys show that participants reported improved effectiveness in tackling complex problems. In the pre-workshop survey, 55% of respondents agreed / strongly agreed that they had effective strategies for solving complex problems. This improved to 82% post-workshop. 66% of qualifiers for the 2019 National Final had done a workshop.

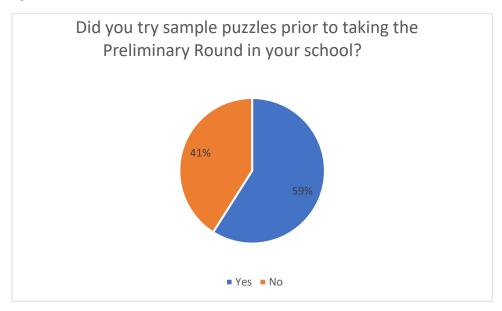
- Participants reported an improved propensity to study computing, languages or linguistics at third level as they continued through the programme.

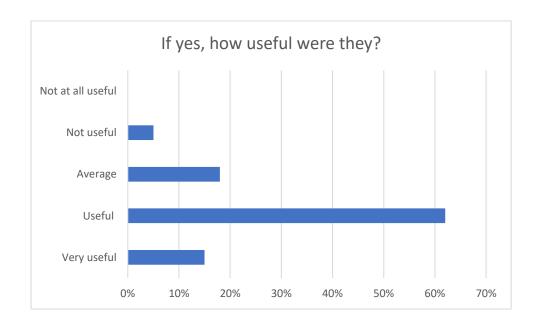
68% of respondents in the pre-workshop survey reported that they had considered studying computing, languages or linguistics at university. This improved to 76% post workshop.

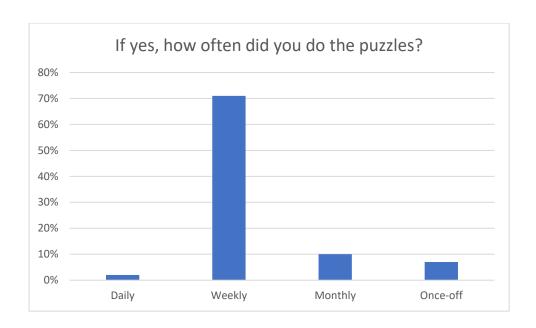
8. February 2019 Post-Preliminary Round Survey Results

Respondents: 1201, survey in Appendix C.

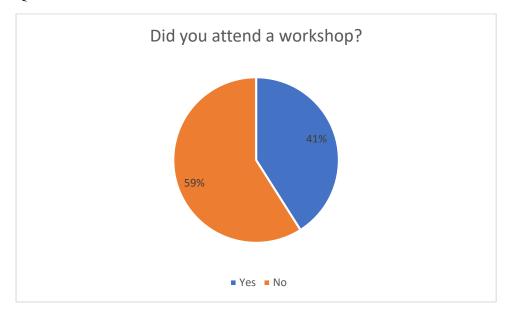
Q1.

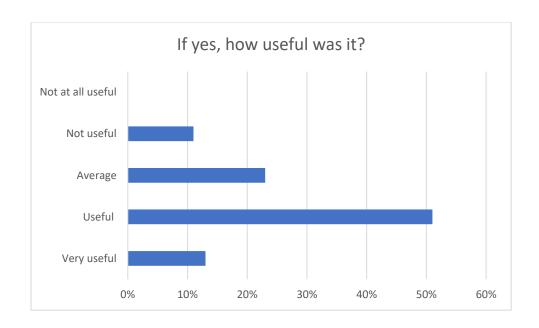




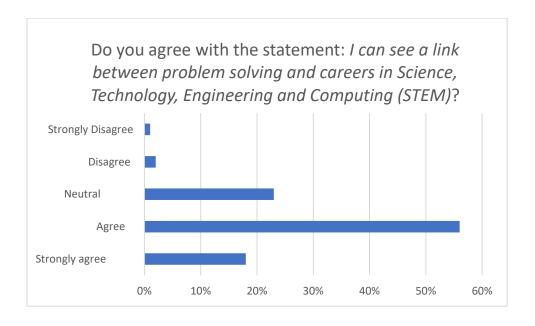


Q2.

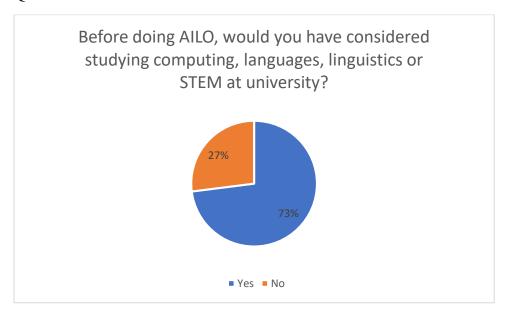




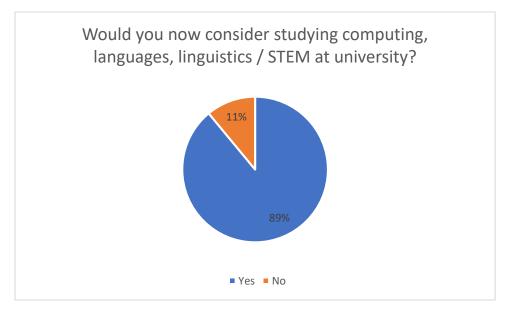
Q3.



Q4.



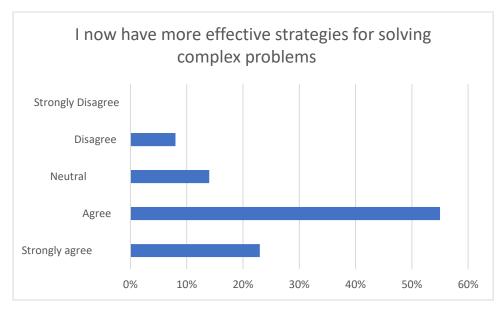
Q5.

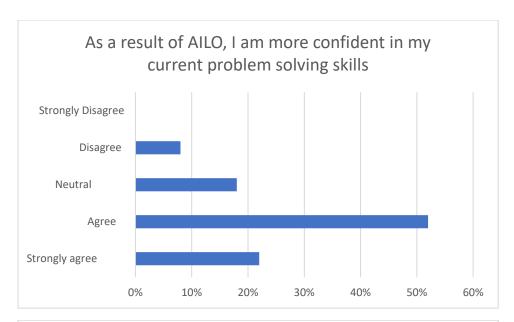


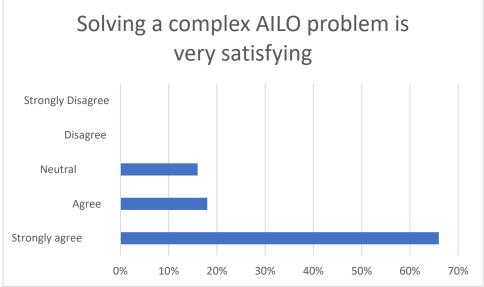
Q6.

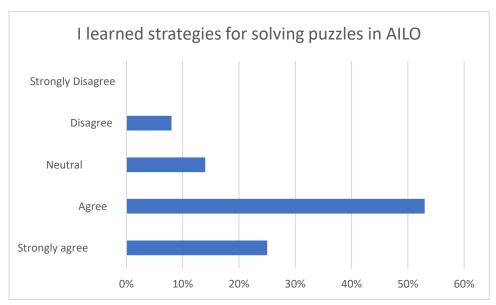


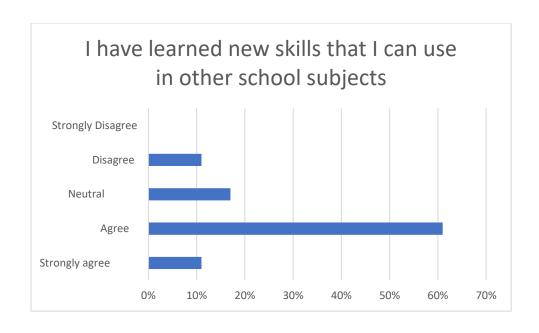
Q.7 How much do you agree / disagree with the following statements?

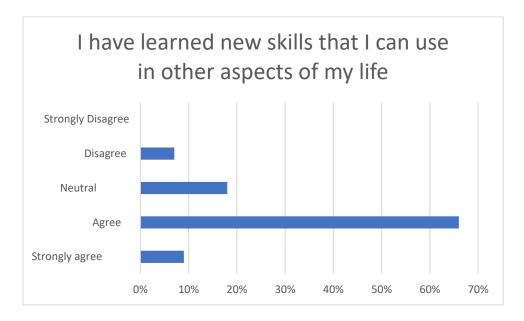












Q8. We are undertaking a longitudinal study on the AILO programme. If you would like to take part in this study, please add your email address (BLOCK CAPS) below for details:

346 students registered their interest in a longitudinal study.

9.

Comments / Feedback

Round one was very difficult.

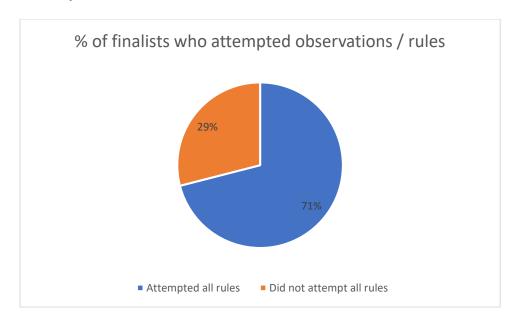
Puzzles were too difficult.

Enjoyed it.

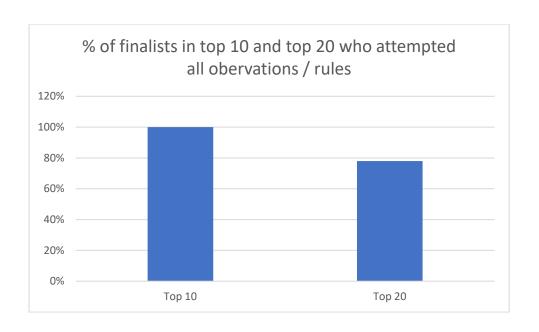
Workshops were a lot easier than the prelim round.

9. March 2019 National Final – Marks for Writing Rules

Assessment of rules and observations was introduced for the first time at the AILO National Final 2018. This was continued in 2019 and extended to the preliminary round on a pilot basis. In the five questions over two hours, 33% of marks were awarded on top of correct answers. In order to write these clear and concise rules, tables and graphics would have to be used correctly.



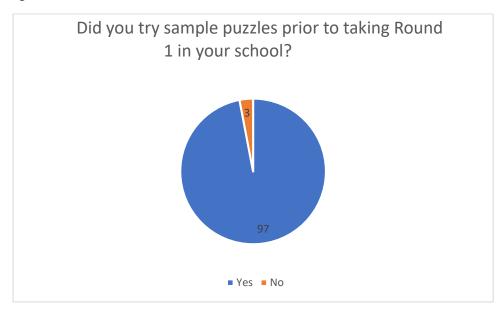


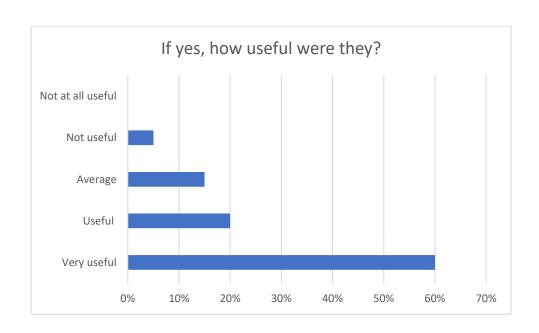


10. March 2019 Post National Final Survey Results

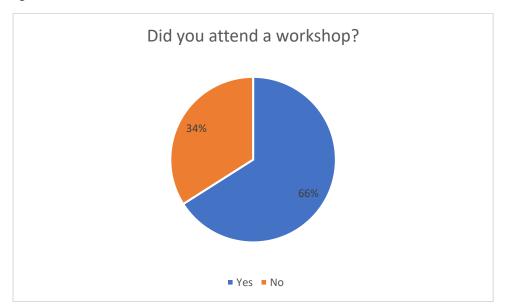
Respondents: 100, survey in Appendix D.

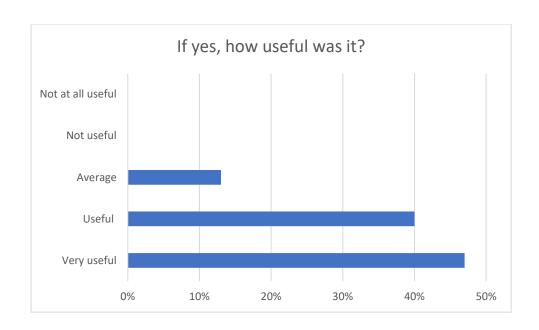
Q1.



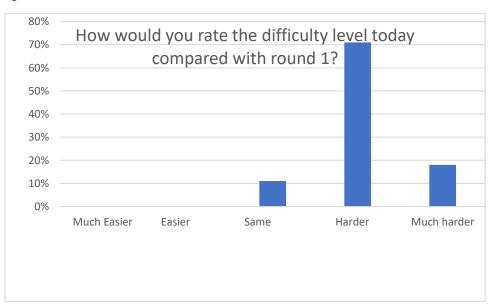


Q2.

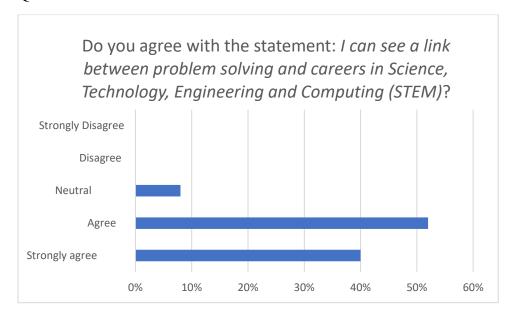




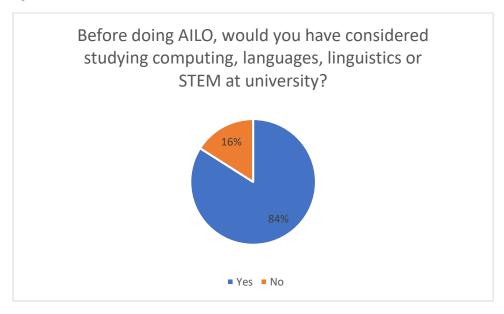
Q3.



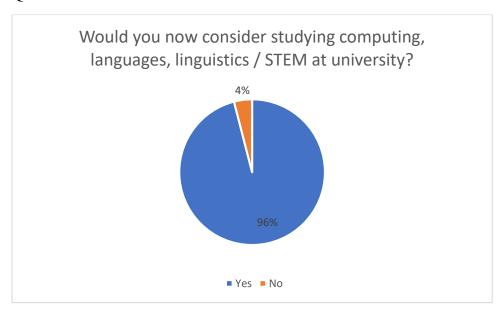
Q4.



Q5.



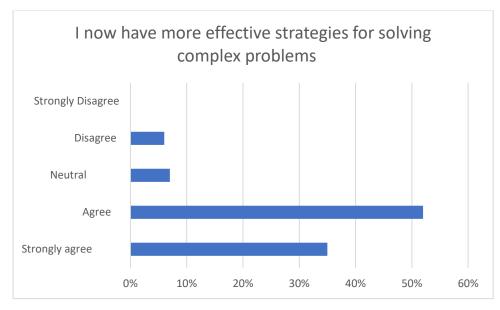
Q6.

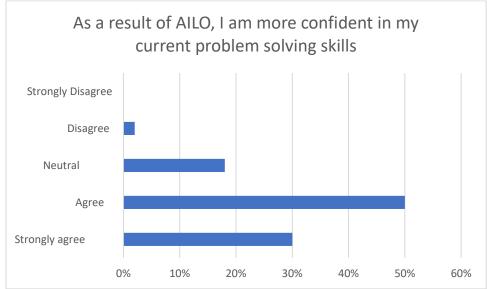


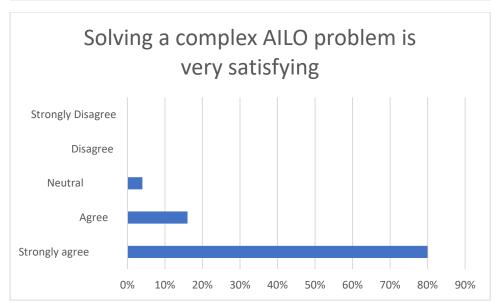
Q7.

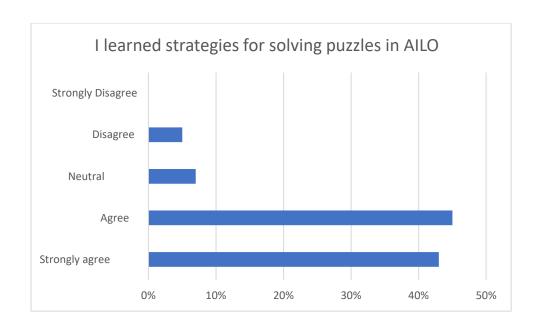


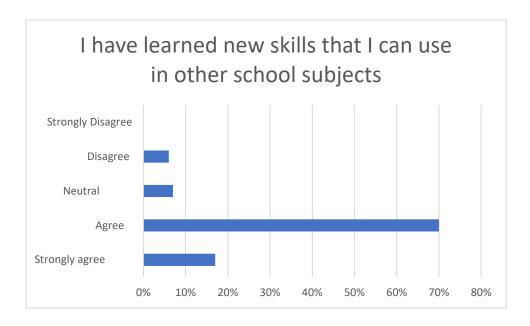
Q.8 How much do you agree / disagree with the following statements?



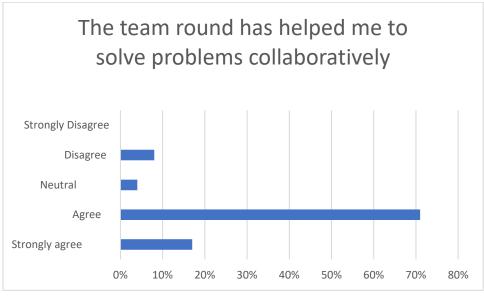












11. Informal Focus Group at AILO 2019 National Final

The AILO National Final included an informal discussion with teachers around the possibility of moving the Preliminary Round of AILO online in February 2020. In initial discussions with schools about moving from a paper-based to an Online preliminary round, teachers were supportive of the idea. They suggested keeping it in schools under teacher supervision, and that they are willing to run a test round in October / November 2019.

These important suggestions have been adopted and an 8-week Summer Education and Public Engagement (EPE) internship project. Two interns, one who is a former AILO student now studying Computer Science and Language in TCD, are planning out the initial requirements for the online round. A pilot will be held in October to test the system and to make sure the online round.

12. Learnings from AILO 2019 National Final / Preliminary Round Survey Results and Marks for Writing Rules

- Improved confidence in problem-solving skills as they continued through the programme.

80% of respondents in the post-National Final survey strongly agreed / agreed that as a result of AILO they are more confident in their current problem-solving skills. The post-workshop and post Preliminary Round figure was 74%.

- Improved effectiveness in tackling complex problems.

87% of respondents strongly agreed / agreed with the statement "I now have more effective strategies for solving complex problems". The post-workshop figure was 78%.

- Participants reported an improved propensity to study computing, languages or linguistics at third level as they continued through the programme.

The National Final 2019 survey results showed a consistent improvement in those considering studying computing, languages or linguistics at university with 96% stating they considered it post-AILO National Final. This compares to 76% post workshop and 89% post Preliminary Round.

- Those that attended workshops were more likely to reach the AILO National Final

41% of Preliminary round (1350 students total) and 66% of National Final attendees (100 students total) had attended a workshop.

- Workshop attendees were more likely to tackle the new bonus marks assessment questions (using tables / graphs to help write clear and concise rules).

71% of finalists attempted to write all rules based on their tables / charts while 87% of those who had been at a workshop attempted all rules questions. Students ability to analyse the data and write clear and concise rules was given marks with the top 10 students all having attempted all extra marks and 78% of the students in the top 20.

- Improved skills for other aspects of life

87% of respondents said they learned skills they can use in other school subjects (compared to 72% post Preliminary Round) and 87% said they learned skills they can use in other aspects of their lives (75% at Preliminary Round level).

- Social emotional aspects

96% of respondents said that solving a complex AILO puzzle is very satisfying and 87% said the team round helped them learn how to solve puzzles collaboratively.

13. Findings for AILO 2019/20

The findings from this evaluation has led to changes for the 2019/20 AILO Programme. Due to 1350-1400 students taking part in the Preliminary Round every year, an online preliminary round will be pilot in October 2019. The level of marking for a 5-question preliminary round with while assessing problem-solving ability means is huge for a one-two week turnaround. In order to do this, two undergraduate Summer interns (one who had done AILO in school and is not studying Computer Science and a Language in TCD) are working on designing and developing an online round over Summer 2019.

It was also clear from student surveys and teacher discussions that the Preliminary Round was too difficult this year. This will be addressed for 2019/20.

A Teaching Materials 2019/20 Pack will be designed and will be made available on the AILO site. The new materials will include an online testing element to prepare students and teachers for the online round. In order to track how many teachers / students are using the materials, the AILO website now tracks downloads and there is a short survey on use. A new train-the-trainer programme will be run for teachers all over the country led by ADAPT researchers to empower them to do puzzles themselves with their students.

The learnings from the 2019 programme could be stronger with the views of the ADAPT tutors who deliver the workshops. The 2020 programme will survey the ADAPT researchers who deliver workshops to gain their opinions and learnings from the programme.

Finally, in order to the understand the longer-term impacts of the AILO programme a longitudinal study of AILO Students will begin in the 2019/20 season.

14. References

OECD (2014), PISA 2012 Results: Creative Problem Solving: Students' Skills in Tackling Real-Life Problems (Volume V), PISA, OECD Publishing. http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/9789264208070-en

OECD (2017), PISA 2015 Results: Collaborative Problem Solving (Volume V), PISA, OECD Publishing. http://www.oecd.org/publications/pisa-2015-results-volume-v-9789264285521-en.htm

WEF (2016) The Future of Jobs Employment, Skills and Workforce Strategy for the Fourth Industrial Revolution. World Economic Forum http://reports.weforum.org/future-of-jobs-2016/chapter-1-the-future-of-jobs-and-skills/#view/fn-1

Appendix A – Nov 2018–Jan 2019 Pre Workshop Survey









ADAPT AILO Workshop 2018/9 - PRE AILO Workshop Questionnaire

Q1. Is	this your first tim	e to participate	e in an All I	Ireland Linguistics Olympiad ev	vent? Yes / No
Q2.	Male □	Femal	e 🗆	Other □	
Q3. Ho	ow did you hear a	about the AILO	competitic	on?	
Q4a. [Did you complete	practice puzzle	s before t	aking part in this workshop?	Yes / No
Q4b. I	f 'Yes', how often	did you use the	ese puzzle	s?	
	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	y Once-off	
Q5. Ho	ow much do you	agree / disagree	e with the	following statements? (please	ecircle)
I have	effective strateg	ies for solving c	omplex pr	oblems	
	Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
I am c	onfident in my cu	ırrent problem :	solving ski	lls	
	Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Q6. Ha works	•	d studying comլ	outing, lan	nguages or linguistics at univer	sity prior to this
Yes / N	No				

$Appendix \ B-Nov\ 2018-Jan\ 2019\ Post\ Workshop\ Survey$









ADAPT	AILO Worksh	op 2018/9 – PO:	ST AILO Workshop	Questionnaire			
Q1. Would you consider studying computing, languages or linguistics at university?							
'es / No							
Q2. Would you recomn	nend AILO to	a friend?					
Yes / No							
Q3. Would you like to t	ake Round 1	of AILO in your s	chool at the end o	of January?			
Yes / No							
Q4. What is your overa	ll assessment	of the worksho	p today?				
Very Satisfied	Satisfied	Neutral	Unsatisfied	Very Unsatisfied			
Q5. What topics or asp	ects of this w	orkshop did you	find most interest	ting / useful?			
Q6. How much do you	agree / disag	ree with the foll	owing statements	? (please circle)			
I have effective strateg	ies for solving	g complex proble	ems				
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree			
I am confident in my cu	ırrent probler	m solving skills					
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree			
I learned strategies for	solving puzzlo	es in this worksh	ор				
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree			
I would recommend this workshop to a friend							
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree			
Comments / Feedback:							

Appendix C – February 2019 Post Preliminary Round Survey









ADAPT All Ireland Linguistics Olympiad Preliminary Round Participant Questionnaire January 2019

Please take a minute to complete the following questionnaire about your experience of AILO. It will help us immensely!

Q1. Did you try sampl	e puzzles prior to takin	g the Preliminar	y Round in your s	chool?				
Yes / No	If yes, how useful we	If yes, how useful were they?						
Very useful	Useful	Average	Not useful	Not at all useful				
	If yes, how often did	l you do puzzles	?					
Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Once-off					
Q2. Did you attend an	AILO workshop in you	r school / elsew	here?					
Yes / No								
If yes, how useful was	it?							
Very useful	Useful	Average	Not useful	Not at all useful				
Q3. Do you agree with the statement: I can see a link between problem solving and careers in Science, Technology, Engineering and Computing (STEM)?								
Strongly agree	e Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree				
Q4. Before doing AILC STEM at university?), would you have cons	idered studying	computing, langu	ages, linguistics or				
Yes / No								

Q5. Would you now consider studying computing, languages, linguistics / STEM at university?

Yes / No				
Q7. How much do you agree / disagree with the following statements? (please circle)				
I now have more effective strategies for solving complex problems				
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disag	ree			
As a result of AILO, I am more confident in my current problem solving skills				
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disag	ree			
Solving a complex AILO problem is very satisfying				
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disag	ree			
I learned strategies for solving puzzles in AILO				
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disag	ree			
I have learned new skills that I can use in other school subjects				
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disag	ree			
I have learned new skills that I can use in other aspects of my life				
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disag	ree			
Q8. We are undertaking a longitudinal study on the AILO programme. If you would like to take part in this study, please add your email address (BLOCK CAPS) below for details:				
Comments / Other Feedback:				

Yes / No

Thank you!

Appendix D – March 2019 Post National Final Survey









ADAPT All Ireland Linguistics Olympiad Final 2019 Participant Questionnaire

Please take a minute to complete the following questionnaire about your experience of AILO. It will help us immensely!

	_		e.i.e.iy.			
Q1. Did you try sample	puzzles prior to	taking the pre	liminary round	in your school	l?	
Yes / No	If yes, how use	ful were they?				
Very useful	Useful	Avera	age Not	useful N	ot at all useful	
Q2. Did you attend a w	vorkshop?					
	•					
Yes / No						
If yes, how useful was	it?					
Very useful	Useful	Avera	age Not	useful N	ot at all useful	
Q3. How would you ra	te the difficulty l	evel today con	npared with the	preliminary r	ound?	
Much Easier	Easier	Same	Harder	Much har	der	
Q4. Do you agree with the statement: I can see a link between problem solving and careers in Science, Technology, Engineering and Computing (STEM)?						
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	St	trongly Disagree	
Q5. Before doing AILO, STEM at university?	, would you have	considered st	udying computi	ng, languages	, linguistics or	
Yes / No						

Q6. Would you now consider studying computing, languages, linguistics / STEM at university?					
Yes / No					
Q7. Would you recommo	end AILO as a co	ompetition for sl	narpening problem solvi	ng skills?	
Yes / No					
Q8. How much do you a	igree / disagree	with the followi	ng statements? (please	circle)	
I now have more effective	ve strategies foi	solving comple	x problems		
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	
As a result of AILO, I am	more confident	t in my current p	roblem solving skills		
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	
Solving a complex AILO p	problem is very	satisfying			
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	
I learned strategies for s	olving puzzles i	n AILO			
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	
I have learned new skills	that I can use i	n other school s	ubjects		
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	
I have learned new skills	that I can use i	n other aspects	of my life		
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	
The team round has helped me to solve problems collaboratively					
Strongly agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	
Comments / Other Feedback:					

Thank you!

Appendix E: The AILO Expected Learning Outcomes by phase of the Programme and the correlation with the PISA Competencies

Expected Learning Outcom	Expected Learning Outcomes – Participation Round of AILO						
Students learn about	Students	should be able to:	JC	JC	PISA Competencies (and collaborative		
			Coding	Maths	(2015)		
Importance of problem	1.1 Discu	iss the importance of problem	\checkmark		Exploring and understanding the information		
solving skills and links to	solvii	ng skills with their peers			provided with the problem.		
ADAPT work		plete introductory logic puzzles 1-10		\checkmark			
	1.3 Reco	gnise the 6 types of AILO puzzle –					
Introductory Logic puzzles		per systems, semantics, writing					
	syste	ms, phonetics, syntax, morphology.					
Introduction to the 6 types of							
AILO puzzle							
Expected Learning Outcom	es – Probl						
Students learn about		Students should be able to:	JC	JC	PISA Competencies 2012 (and		
			Coding	Maths	collaborative (2015)		
ADAPT tutor's career path &	ADAPT	1.1 Discuss the importance of	✓		Exploring and understanding the information		
research background		problem-solving skills as a key			provided with the problem.		
		component in a STEM career.					
Seeing patterns and trends in	complex	1.2 Complete logic puzzles 10-20		✓	Representing and formulating: constructing		
logic puzzles		1.3 Recognise features that will			graphical, tabular, symbolic or verbal		
		make a language rule.			representations of the problem situation and		
Problem solving strategies fo	r each of				formulating hypotheses about the relevant		
the 6 types of AILO puzzle.		use tables and charts to decipher		✓	factors and relationships between them.		
		data for each problem type					
Collaborative problem-solving		(number systems, semantics,			Planning and executing: devising a plan by		
techniques		writing systems, phonetics,	✓		setting goals and sub-goals, and executing the		
		syntax, morphology.)			sequential steps identified in the plan.		
Expressing ideas clearly	ly and						
accurately		made about the language with			Employing logic and reasoning and (where		
		concise and complete rules.			relevant) working collaboratively to arrive at		
					the optimal solution to a problem.		

Cathanina		اه سم	1.6 Work as a team and reflect	٠	√			
•	interpreting	and	their role in the team.	ı on	· *			Manifesia 1 Clastina
representing data	representing data then fole in the team.							Monitoring and reflecting: monitoring
								progress, reacting to feedback, and reflecting
								on the solution, the information provided
								with the problem, or the strategy adopted.
			Preliminary Round		Г <u></u>			
Students learn	Students shou	ld be a	ible to:		JC		JC	PISA Competencies 2012 (and collaborative
about					Codin	g	Math	· /
Utilising	1.1 Decide wh	ich to	ol (such as tables and charts)	to	\checkmark		\checkmark	Exploring and understanding (as above).
strategies	utilise to a	nalyse	data effectively in a time-limit	ed				
effectively	exam.						\checkmark	Representing and formulating (as above).
	1.2 As the solu	tion is	not immediately obvious, studen	nts				
Exploring	should be	able to	o explore ideas and alternative	es,				Planning and executing (as above).
actions and	evaluate	deas	and actions and take mo	ore				
alternatives	responsibil	ity for	their learning.					Employing logic and reasoning to arrive at the
	_		-					optimal solution to a problem individually.
								Monitoring and reflecting (as above).
Expected Learni	ng Outcomes –	AILO	National Final			•		
Students learn a			ents should be able to:	JC JC		;	PISA Competencies 2012 (and collaborative	
				\mathbf{C}_{0}	ding	Ma	aths	(2015)
Utilising strategie	es effectively	1.1 S	tudents can decide which tool	✓ ✓			Exploring and understanding (as above).	
	•	(s	such as tables and charts) to					
Exploring a	ctions and	`	tilise to analyse data effectively					Representing and formulating (as above).
alternatives		in a time-limited exam.					7	
		1.2 A				✓		Planning and executing (as above).
Expressing ideas clearly and immediately obvious, students						(
accurately			nould be able to explore ideas					Employing logic and reasoning and (where
			nd alternatives, evaluate ideas			✓		relevant) working collaboratively to arrive at the
			nd actions and take more					optimal solution to a problem.
			esponsibility for their learning.					op sorumon to a proorein.
			soponosomity for their realiting.					Monitoring and reflecting (as above).
		I						ma remeding (as assis).

	1.3 Students can explain their thinking and justify their reasoning, writing concise and complete rules to explain their answers 1.4 Follow the rules they have written to answer the questions and check for completeness.		✓	
Students learn about	Students should be able to:	JC	JC	PISA Competencies 2012 (and collaborative
Students learn about	Students should be able to.	Coding	Maths	•
IOL problem types and recognising features	1.1 Recognise each IOL-level puzzle and which features to look for in each puzzle.	,		Exploring and understanding (as above). Representing and formulating (as above).
Working as a team	1.2 Decide which strategy to utilise to analyse data effectively in a time-		√	Planning and executing (as above).
Utilising strategies effectively	limited exam. 1.3 Explore ideas and alternatives,	✓	✓	Employing logic and reasoning and (where
Exploring actions and alternatives	-			relevant) working collaboratively to arrive at the optimal solution to a problem.
Expressing ideas clearly and accurately	1.4 Write concise and complete rules to explain their answers.	~	V	Monitoring and reflecting (as above).
	1.5 Follow the rules they have written to answer the questions and check for completeness.1.6 Work effectively on a four-person team puzzle.1.7 Reflect on their solution strategies		✓	
	and compare them to those of others as part of the team.			

Appendix F: ADAPT AILO Problem Solving Olympiad and Key Junior Certificate Skills

In addition to their specific content and knowledge, the subjects and short courses of junior cycle provide students with opportunities to develop a range of key skills in order to achieve set Statements of Learning. This document describes the links between AILO and the Junior Cycle Key Skills (Table 1) and Statements of Learning (Table 2). Figure 1 shows the Junior Cycle (JC) curriculum focuses on eight key skills (and their constituent elements):

Figure 1: Key skills of Junior Cycle

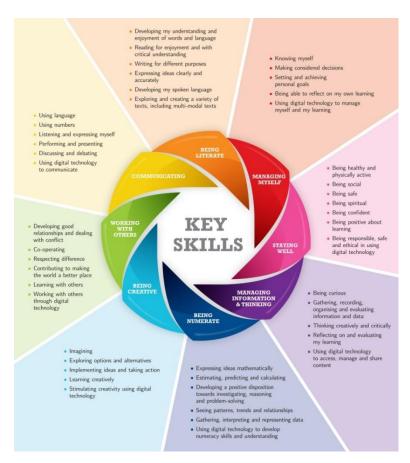


Table 1: Links between ADAPT AILO Problem Solving Olympiad and Junior Certificate (JC) key skills

JC Key Skill	Key Skill Element	JC Coding?	JC Maths?	ADAPT AILO Problem Solving Student Learning Activity
Being creative	Exploring options and alternatives		√	As students engage in a task for which the solution is not immediately obvious, they ask questions, explore ideas and alternatives, evaluate ideas and actions and take more responsibility for their learning.
	Learning creatively			Students problem solve in a new way outside of the regular curriculum.
Being literate	Expressing ideas clearly and accurately	√	√	Students use tools such as tables and charts to analyse data, and structures rules to present results. Students explain their thinking and justify their reasoning, using tables, charts and rules appropriately and accurately.
	Developing my understanding and enjoyment of words and language.			Students become aware of new languages structures, patterns and influence on their own language learning.
Being numerate	Seeing patterns, trends and relationships	✓	✓	Students develop strategies to analyse language data and note patterns and relationships.
	Gathering, interpreting and representing data		✓	Students generate rules that describe the grammar of the language data.
	Developing a positive disposition towards investigating, reasoning and problem-solving		✓	Students solve complex problems which demonstrate their use and understanding of mathematical and computational ideas.
Communicating	Using language			Students become familiar with other language structures.
		✓	✓	

	Using numbers Discussing and debating			Students use logic and numerical skill to solve problems; to support their reasoning and conclusions; and to convey and explain patterns and relationships. Students discuss ideas, evaluate the pros and cons of different approaches, and propose solutions.
Managing information and thinking	Thinking creatively and critically.	✓	✓	Students engage in tasks which require them to use their mathematical knowledge and skills in novel ways.
Managing myself	Setting and achieving personal goals	√		Students take responsibility for personal learning by setting goals and seeking help when necessary from classmates, the teacher or the AILO online training page, and by reflecting on the feedback they receive.
	Being able to reflect on my own learning		✓	Students reflect on which learning activities they find most effective, using this knowledge to help further their learning in mathematics.
Staying well	Being social			Students get to know students in their local schools and around the country with similar interests.
	Being confident		✓	Students enjoy frequent opportunities to experience success in solving complex problems. They experience a positive approach to learning in which different approaches are valued and they are encouraged to learn from mistakes.
Working with others	Co-operating	✓		Students develop good working relationships with others working in AILO teams.
	Learning with others		✓	They learn how to engage in collaborative work.

 ${\bf Appendix}\;{\bf G:}\;{\bf Links}\;{\bf between}\;{\bf ADAPT}\;{\bf AILO}\;{\bf Problem}\;{\bf Solving}\;{\bf Olympiad}\;{\bf and}\;{\bf Junior}\;{\bf Certificate}\;{\bf Statements}\;{\bf of}\;{\bf Learning}\;({\bf SOL})$

Junior Cert Statement of Learning (SOL)	JC Coding?	JC Maths?	Examples of Related Learning in the ADAPT AILO Problem Solving Olympiad
SOL 1: The student communicates effectively using a variety of means in a range of contexts in their first language.	9	√	Students organise, consolidate and communicate logical thinking clearly and coherently to peers, teachers and others verbally, and in written form using tables and charts with relevant language symbols.
SOL 2: Listens, speaks, reads and writes in L2 and one other language at a level of proficiency that is appropriate to her or his ability			Students are introduced to a multitude of new languages. Students gain knowledge of new language structures and writing systems which can apply in their learning of a foreign language.
SOL 15: The student recognises the potential uses of mathematical knowledge, skills and understanding in all areas of learning		√	Students apply their problem-solving knowledge and skills to a wide variety of problems across different subjects, including gathering, analysing, and presenting data, and using logic to model real-world situations.
SOL 16: The student describes, illustrates, interprets, predicts and explains patterns and relationships	✓	√	Students use tools such as tables and charts to analyse data. Students interpret patterns in the data and describe their thinking and justify their reasoning. They then write succinct rules to present these relationships. Students become aware of new languages structures, patterns and influence on their own language learning.
SOL 17: The student devises and evaluates strategies for investigating and solving problems using mathematical knowledge, reasoning and skills	√	✓	Students develop strategies to analyse language data and note patterns and relationships. Students develop problem-solving strategies through engaging in these tasks for which the solution is not immediately obvious. They reflect on their own solution strategies to such tasks and compare them to those of others as part of team element of AILO.

SOL 18: The student observes and evaluates empirical events and processes and draws valid deductions and conclusions.	~	Students generate and summarise data, select appropriate graphical or numerical methods to describe it, and draw conclusions from graphical and numerical summaries of the data. As part of their understanding language data, they come to appreciate the distinction between contingent deductions from particular cases, and deductions which can be proved to be universally true.
SOL 19: The student values the role and contribution of science and technology to society, and their personal, social and global importance.		Students develop an understanding of collaborative and creative problem-solving as a key skillset underpinning core disciplines of ADAPT research including computer science, artificial intelligence and language technology.